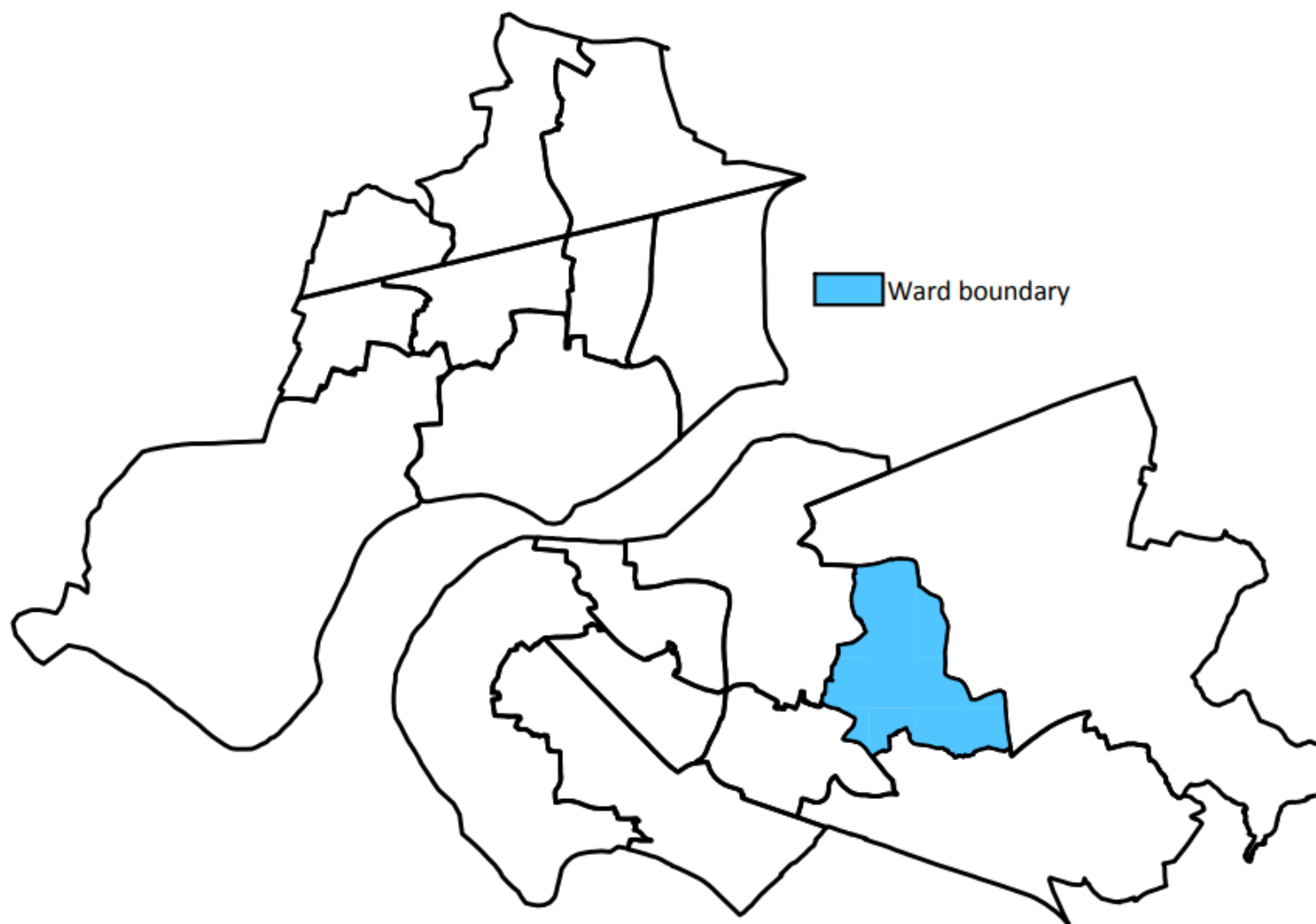


NORTON NORTH WARD HEALTH PROFILE

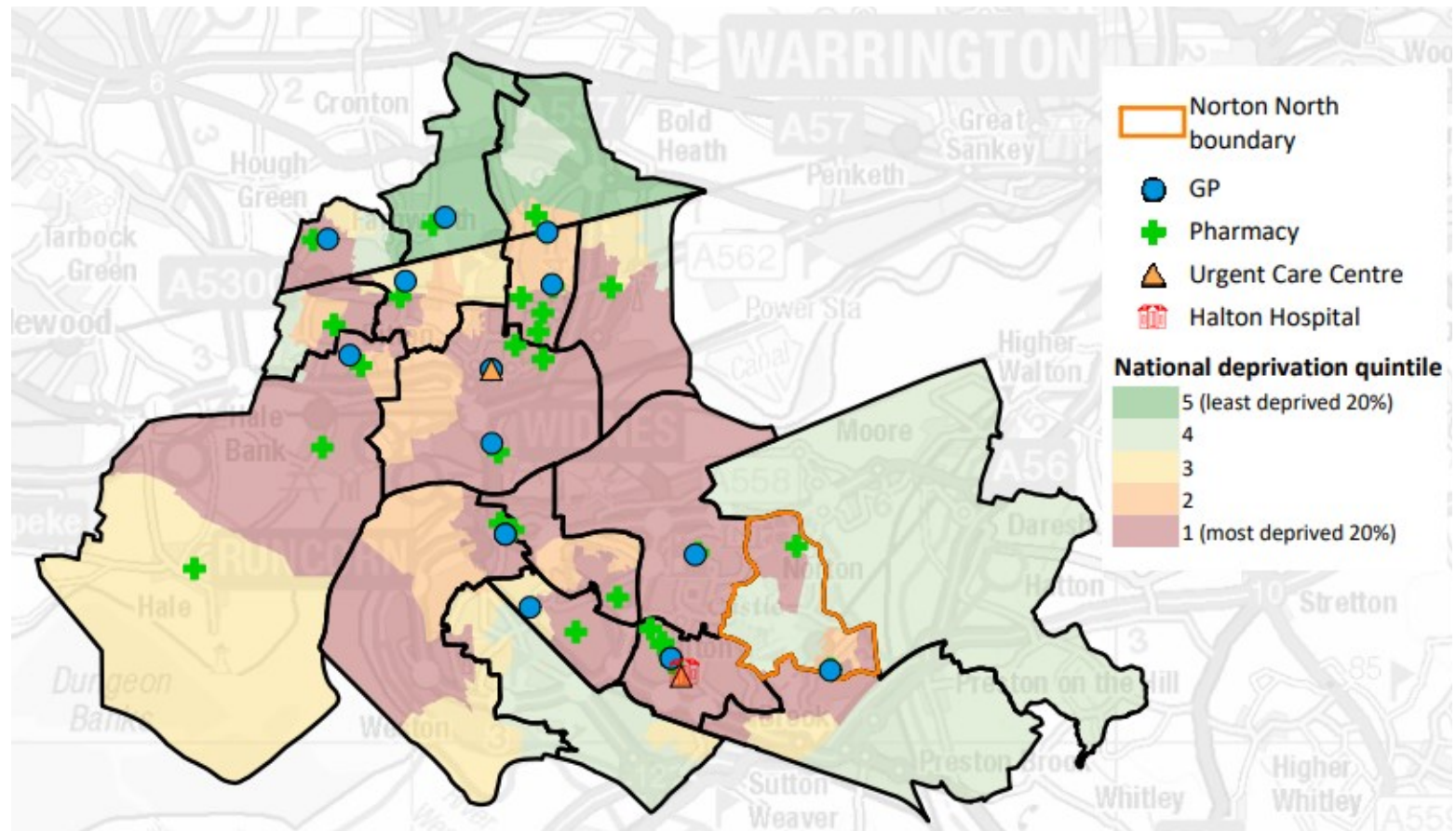


NORTON NORTH WARD MAP

The map opposite shows the location of key services across Halton, including GPs, pharmacies and urgent care centres.

It also shows the distribution of deprivation across the borough. The darkest red areas are localities that fall within the most deprived 20% (quintile) across the whole of England. Almost half of Halton's population live in these most deprived 20% of areas.

There are 2 pharmacies and 1 GP within Norton North ward.



NORTON NORTH WARD HEALTH PROFILE

Key issues

Just over 7,600 people live in Norton North ward; over 1 in 4 (29%) people live in a single family household (either as a couple or with children) and 11% live alone. There is a lower proportion of people aged 20-34 than the England average, but a higher proportion aged 55-74.

Norton North has mixed levels of **deprivation**, with pockets of high deprivation. A higher proportion of children are eligible for free school meals and live in income deprived families than the England and borough averages. However, more adults have access to a car or van than the national and borough averages.

In terms of **services**, there are 2 pharmacies and 1 GP within Norton North ward.

The largest proportion of adults in **employment** are in professional (16%) or associate professional and technical occupations (14%). The number in process, plant and machine operative or sales and customer service occupations is a higher proportion than the England average. 1 in 5 people have no qualifications, which is higher than the national average.

In terms of **occupancy**, the majority own their property outright or with a mortgage or loan (61% in total). However the proportion in social rented housing is higher than the England and borough averages.

Levels of recorded **crime** are generally lower than the national average.

Children

The proportion of children with a good level of development at age 5 is lower than the England and Halton averages; children overweight or obese age 4-5 and hospital admissions for injuries age under 5 are higher than the England average.

Working age

Norton North residents have higher rates of hospital admission than England for:

- coronary heart disease
- heart attack

The rate of new cases of lung cancer in Norton North is higher than the national and borough averages.

At the recent 2021 Census, a lower proportion of residents reported they were in very good health than the England average and significantly more were in bad or very bad health.

Older people

Life expectancy at birth and at age 65 is lower than England for males.

Estimate frailty is lower in Norton North ward than the Halton average.

Premature death rates from cancer and respiratory diseases are higher than the England average.

POPULATION

Norton North Ward Population– 7,610

Halton Total Population– 128,478

Census 2021

51.5% Female population

48.5% Male population



Ethnic Composition

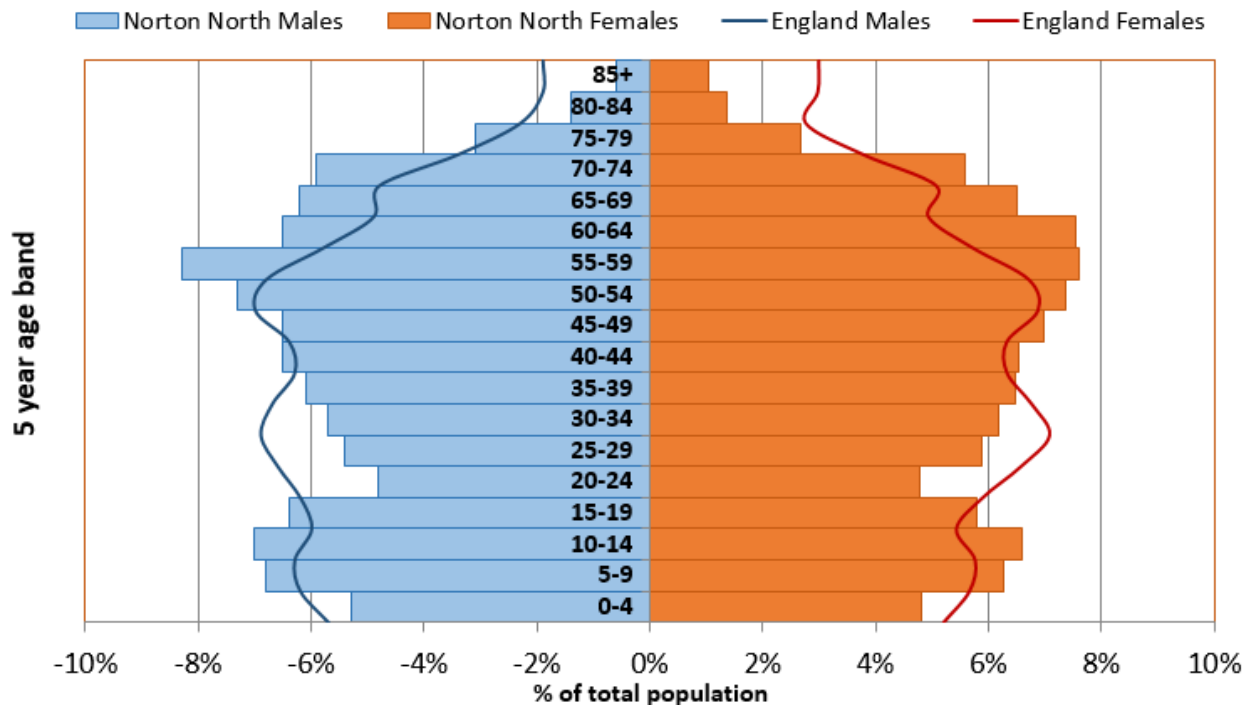
1. White (96.8%)
2. Mixed (1.4%)
3. Asian (0.9%)

Norton North ward population makes up approximately 5.9% of Halton's total population. There is an even split of males and females.

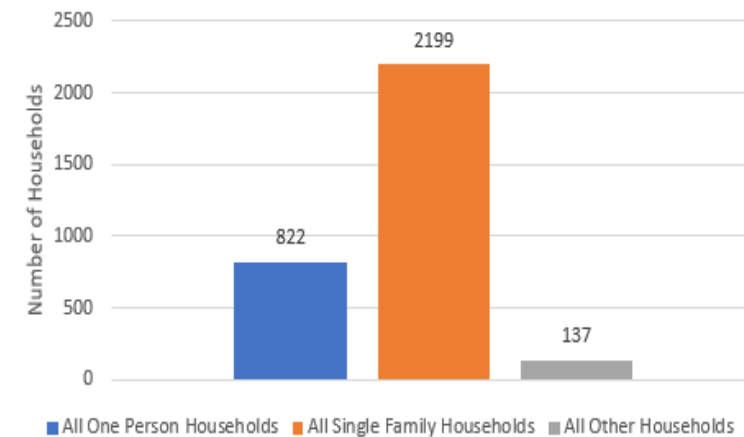
The ethnicity in Norton North is largely dominated by white, and the top three most populated ethnic groups are highlighted above.

Household composition is also shown below. Households have been grouped into three main types of households. In Norton North, single family households make up majority of households in this ward.

Norton North & England population pyramid
Proportion of total area population, by 5-year age band and gender
Source: Census, 2021



Household Composition in Norton North



WIDER DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH

Good or bad health is not simply the result of individual behaviours, genetics and medical care. A substantial part of the difference in health outcomes is down to the social, economic and environmental factors that shape people's lives. These are collectively described as the wider determinants of health.

This slide and the next one looks at some of the wider determinants which will have an effect on the health of people who reside within the ward.

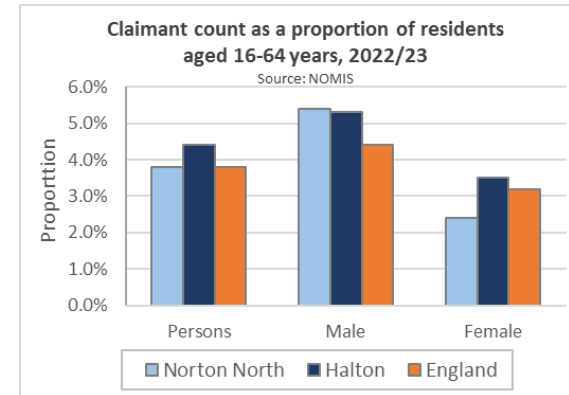
Car and van access



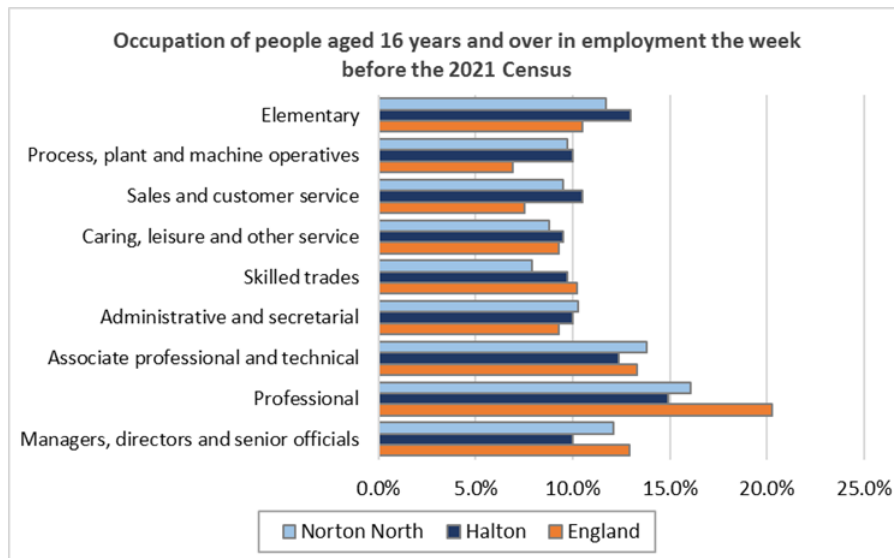
19% don't have access to a car or van

Source: Census 2021

This is significantly lower than the England average (23.5%).
The Halton average is 23.8%



The ward has a lower proportion of females claiming out of work benefits compared to the Halton and England averages. However, there is a higher proportion of males.

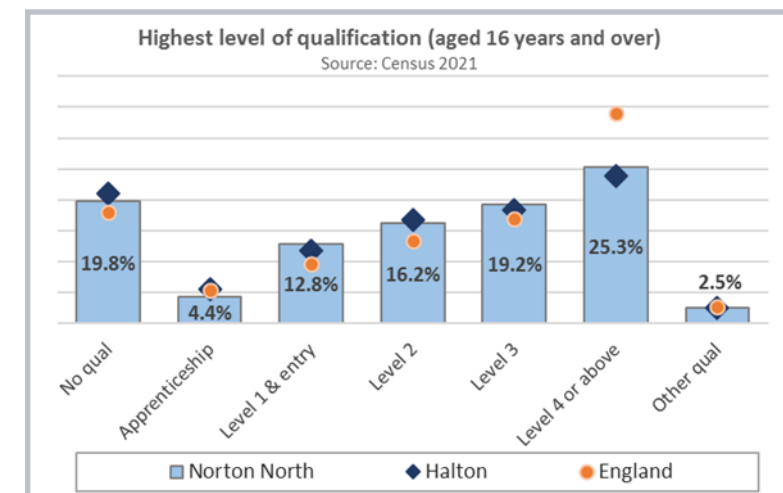


There's a greater percentage of associate, professional and technical workers in the ward, compared to the Halton and England averages. However, there are less skilled trade workers.

The ward has the 2nd lowest percentage of skilled trade workers in Halton.

Norton North ward has a lower percentage of people with apprenticeships compared to England. It is also the lowest in Halton.

The ward also has a higher percentage of residents with whose highest level of qualification is level 1 & entry, compared to the Halton and England averages. (Level 1 & entry qualifications are GCSEs grade D and below).



WIDER DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH

Police Recorded Crime 2022



53

cases of criminal damage and arson



86

theft offences



239

violent or sexual offences



83

public order offences



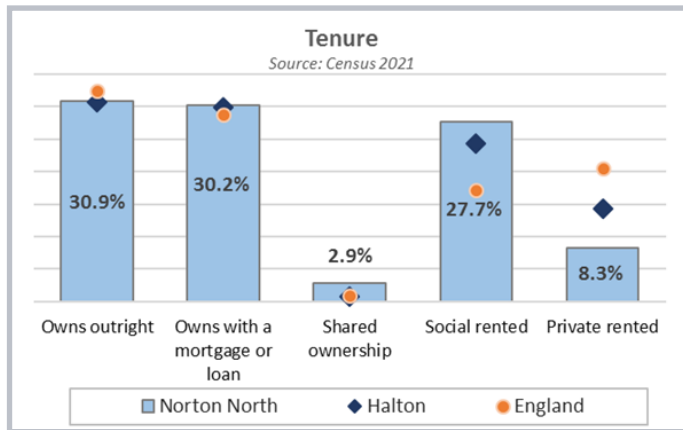
Significantly worse rate than the England average



Not significantly different rate to the England average

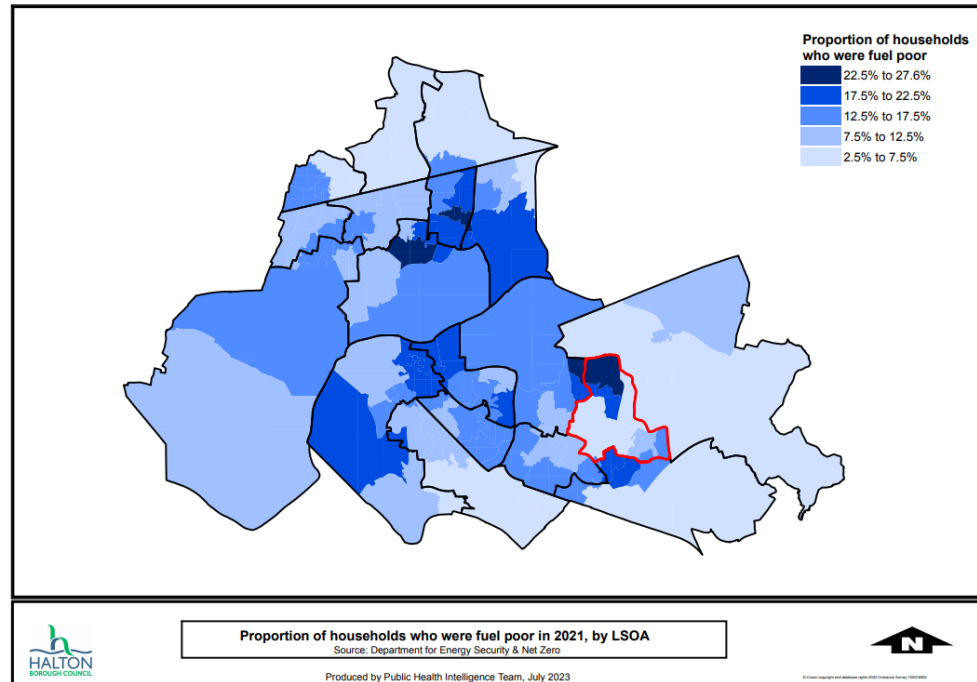


Significantly better rate than the England average



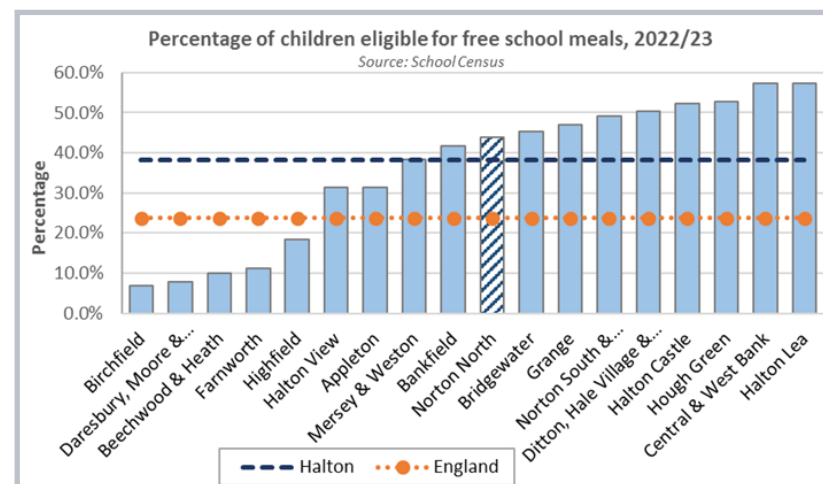
The ward has a higher percentage of people who are in social rented accommodation compared to Halton and England averages.

There's also a lower percentage who private rent, and the figure is the 3rd lowest in Halton.



There are areas within the ward that have the highest percentage of fuel poor households within Halton. These figures are likely to increase with the high energy prices and the wider cost of living pressures.

In 2021, an estimated 13.1% of households in England were fuel poor.



Pupils are entitled to free school meals if their parents are in receipt of certain benefits.

Norton North ward has a higher percentage of children eligible for free school meals compared to the England and Halton averages.

STARTING WELL



21% of children in Norton North live in income deprived families . This is slightly lower than the Halton average of 24% but higher than the England average of 17%.

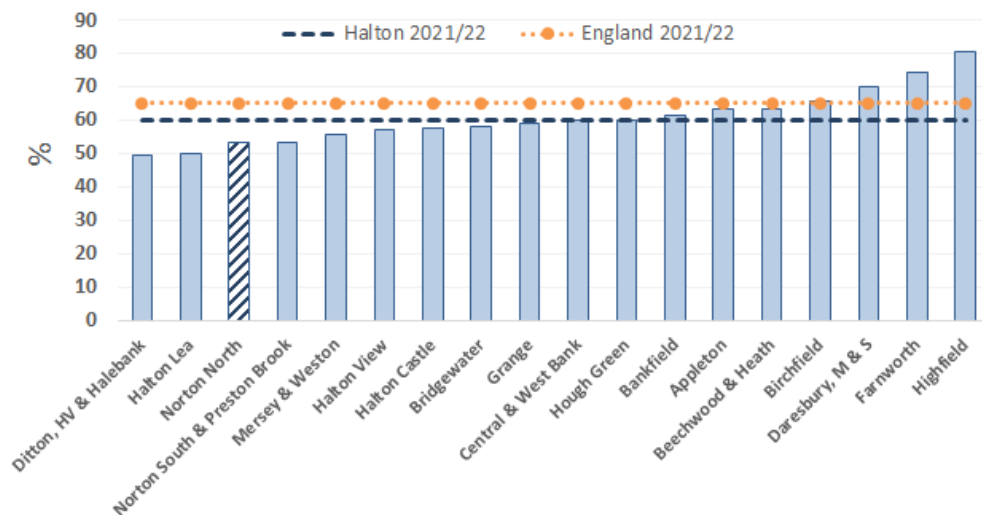
Source: OHID fingertips



53% of Reception year (age 4-5) children achieved a good level of development in Norton North ward. This is lower than both the England average (65%) and Halton average (60%).

Children are assessed on a number of areas, including personal, social and emotional development, physical development and communication and language.

Children achieving a good level of development at the end of Reception (age 5) in Norton North compared to Halton and England (percentage over 2 years 2021/22—2022/23)



54% of babies are breast or mixed fed at birth; this reduces to **26%** at 6-8 weeks.

This is the same as the Halton average of 26% but significantly lower than the England average of 49% at 6-8 weeks.

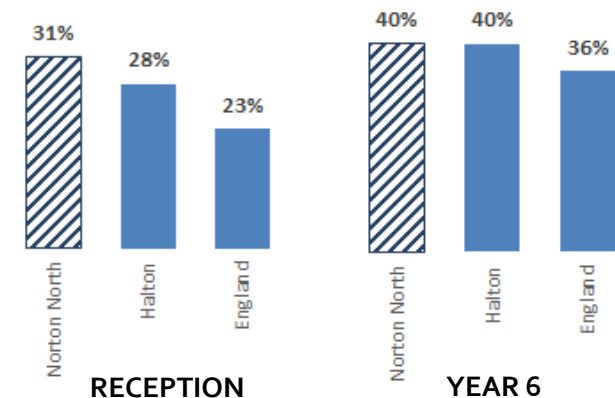


Primary school children are weighed and measured during Reception year (age 4-5) and in Year 6 (age 10-11). This is firstly to be able to offer individual families support with diet and

exercise, and secondly to be able to look at levels of healthy weight, overweight and obesity within children, nationally and at ward level.

In Norton North, levels of excess weight (overweight and obese) are higher than the England average for 4-5 and 10-11 year olds.

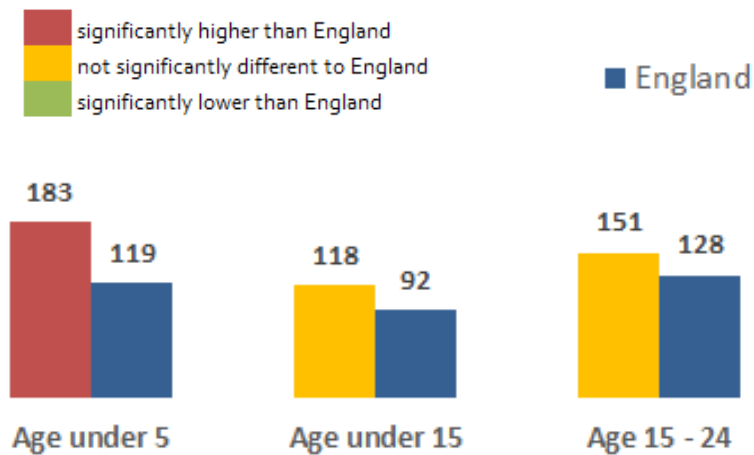
Overweight and obese children in Norton North compared to Halton and England (percentage over 3 years 2019/20—21/22)



STARTING WELL

The chart below shows rates of hospital admission for injuries in children and young people, by age group and how they compare to the England average (over a 5 year period).

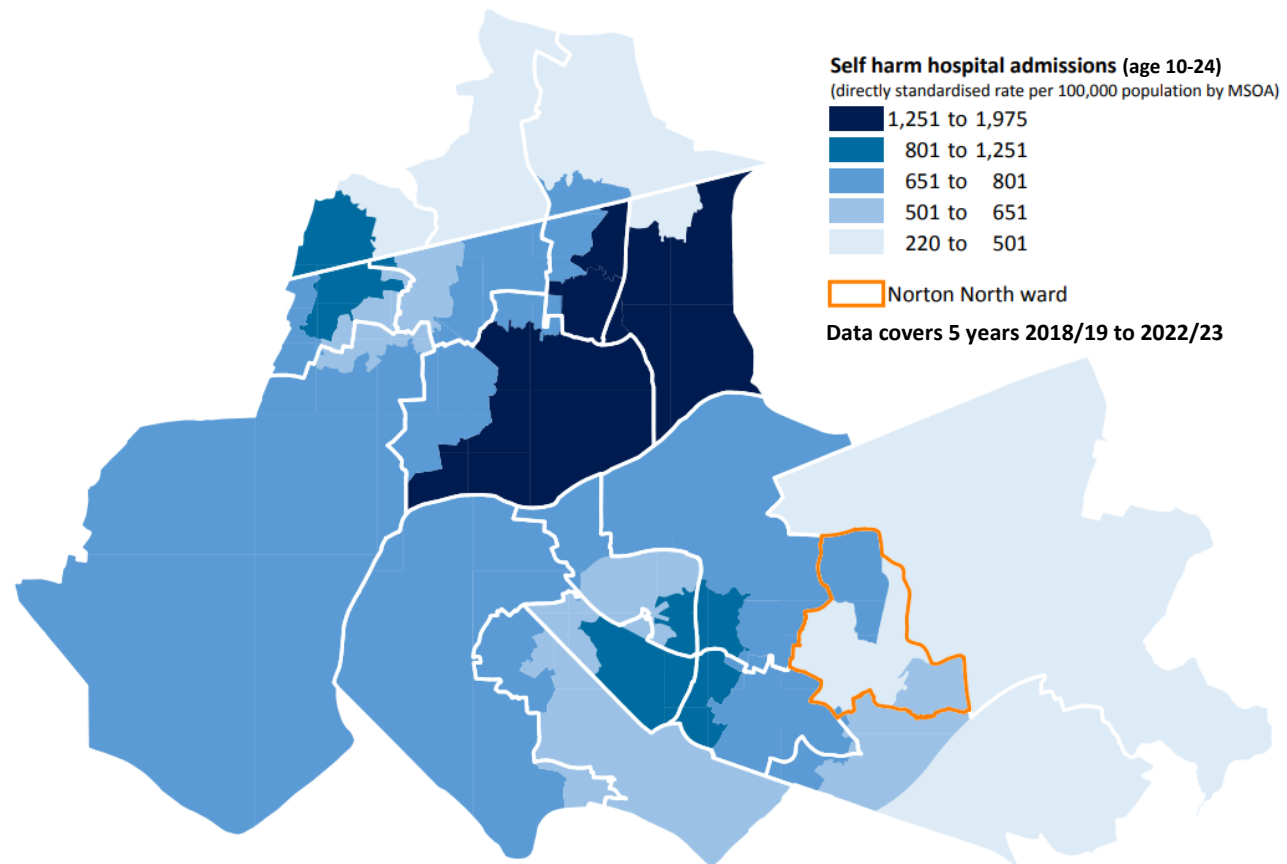
Emergency hospital admissions for injuries in Norton North compared to England
(crude rate per 10,000: 2016/17—20/21)
Source: OHID fingertips



Hospital admissions for injuries are significantly higher than England for children aged under 5. For children aged under 15 and 15 to 24, rates are slightly higher but not significantly different to England.

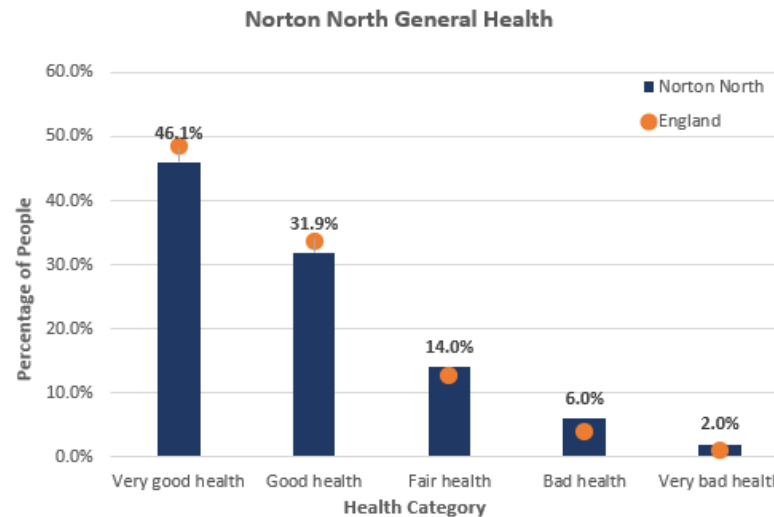
The map below shows the range in hospital admission rates for self harm in young people age 10-24, over a 5 year period. Unfortunately due to changes in geographic coding, we are not able to calculate exact rates by ward. Darker shaded areas represent higher rates of admission for self harm.

Admissions for self harm in young people age 10 to 24 in residents of Norton North ward, are similar overall to the Halton average.



LIVING WELL

The chart beside shows how residents described their overall health at the last Census in 2021. General health categories are rated from very good health to very bad health. In this ward, over 46% of residents said they felt they were in very good health. This was lower than the figure for England. Compared to England, this ward had more people stating they had bad or very bad health.



Source: Census 2021

Prevalence of Disease

There are many diseases that are prevalent in all wards across Halton, and England. Disease is something that can present itself in many forms. The diseases highlighted are those that present themselves physically, and are as a result of lifestyle factors or caused by other co-morbidities. The prevalence of disease is shown per 1,000 for the ward. Within Norton North, the five most prevalent diseases (that are recorded in GP practices) are:

1. Hypertension (85.2)
2. Multi-comorbidities (54.2)
3. Asthma (44.5)
4. Diabetes (33.7)
5. CKD (28.9)

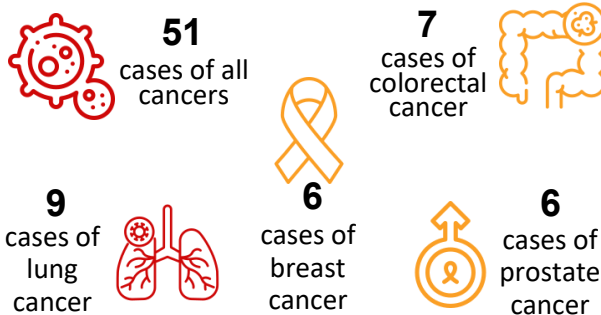
Note: Managed and Complex long-term conditions have been excluded as they were highest prevalence in all wards. They combine several diseases in one figure.

Source: Aristotle

Cancer Incidence in Norton North compared to England

(average number of new cases per year: 2015-19)

Source: OHID fingertips

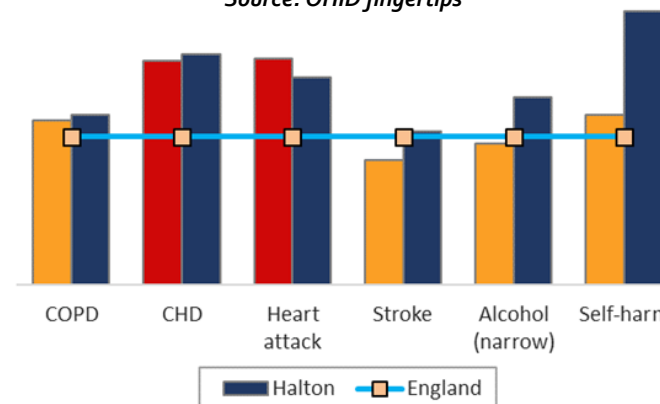


In Norton North the incidence for all cancers, as well as lung cancer, is higher than the national average. The ward has similar rates of new cases of breast, colorectal and prostate cancer per year.

Emergency hospital admissions in Norton North

(standardised admission ratio: 2016/17—20/21)

Source: OHID fingertips



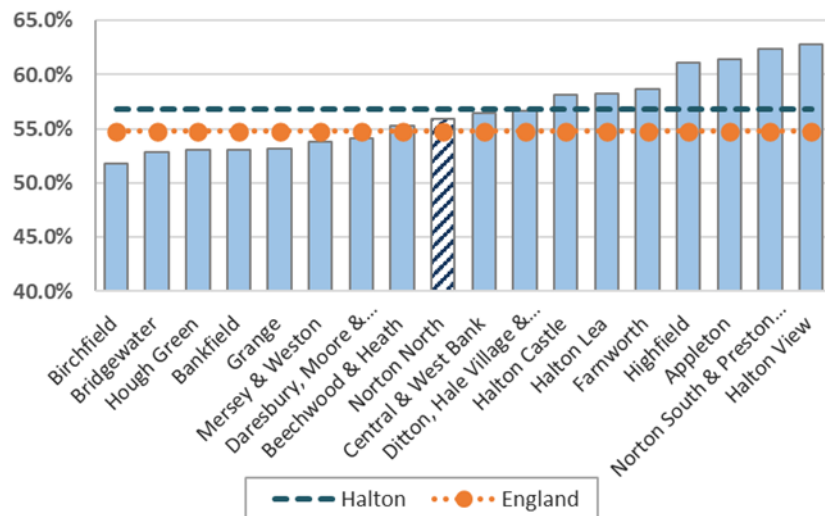
Norton North ward has a similar admission ratio for 4 out of the 6 conditions, compared to the England average. Only admissions for CHD and heart attack are higher.

The ward has the 4th lowest admission ratio for stroke within the borough.

LIVING WELL

Percentage of successful smoking quitters (CO₂ validated & self-reported) at 4 weeks who set a quit date, 2020/21 to 2022/23

(Source: Halton HIT)



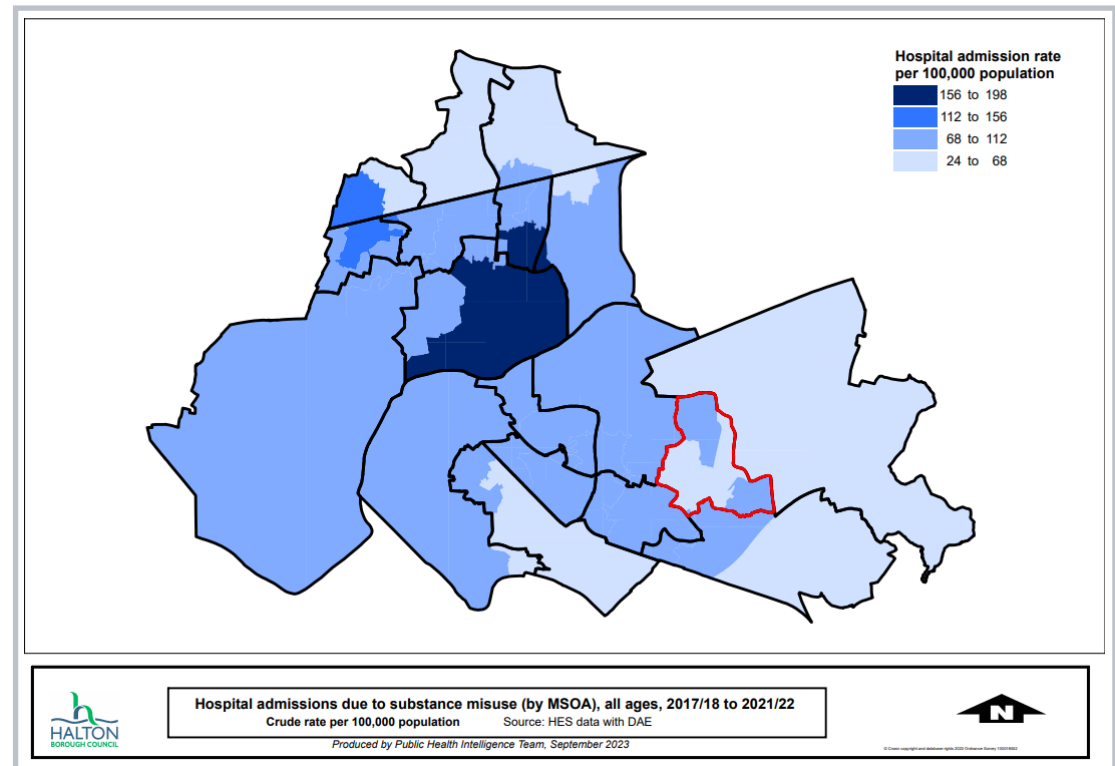
Norton North ward had a similar percentage of successful smoking quitters for people who set a quit date during 2020/21 to 2022/23, compared to the England average during 2021/22. However, it was similar to the Halton average.

A client is counted as a 'self-reported 4-week quitter' when assessed four weeks after the designated quit date, if they declare that they have not smoked, even a single puff on a cigarette, in the past two weeks.

There is evidence to suggest that people who use recreational drugs run the risk of damage to mental health including suicide, depression and disruptive behaviour disorders. The map below shows the hospital admission rate due to substance misuse by Middle Super Output Area (MSOA).

Half of Norton North ward contains part of MSOAs which had one of the lowest admission rates in the borough during 2017/18 to 2021/22, the other half contains areas which had the 2nd lowest admission rates.

The indicator includes admissions for drugs such as cannabis, cocaine, solvents and sedatives (but excludes alcohol).



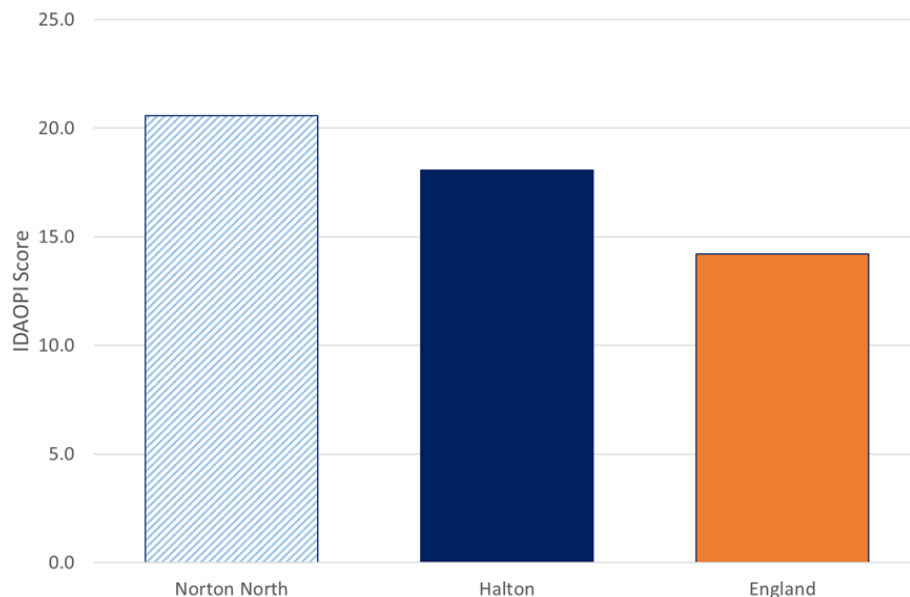
AGEING WELL

The demography of the UK population is changing, and this is likely to be similarly observed in Halton. A greater proportion of the population is made up of people of retirement age, which is projected to continue. In fact, the ONS Census estimates that by the year 2040, there will be a 28% increase in the number of people living in Halton aged 65 years and over. This will be more acutely noted among the oldest of the population, with a two-thirds increase in the number of people in Halton aged 80-84 (from ~3100 to ~4100) and 85-89 (from ~1800 to ~3000), and an almost doubling of the people aged 90 and over (from ~840 to ~1600).

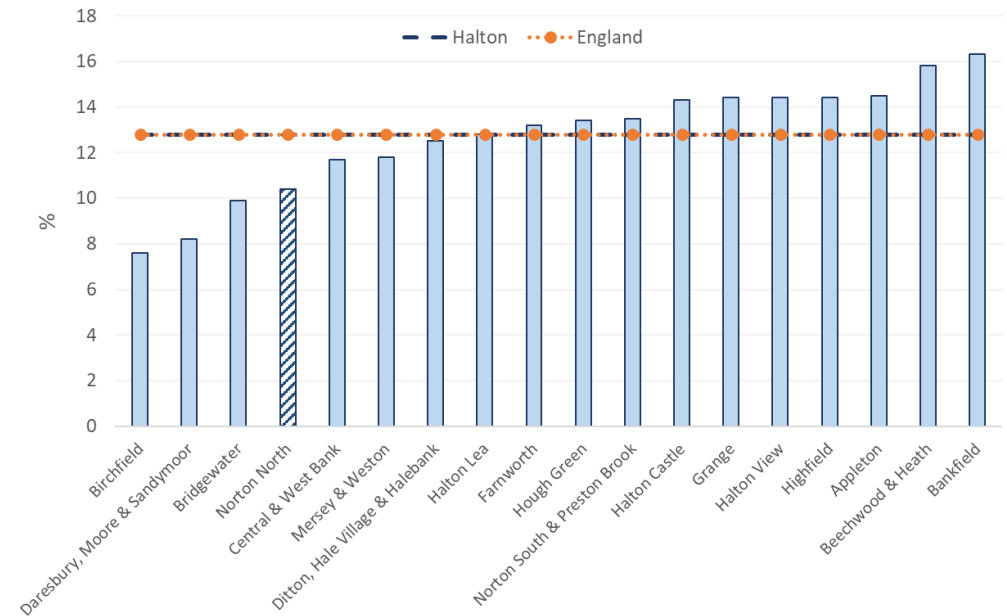
With little change in life expectancy, healthy life expectancy and disability free life expectancy, this will likely mean a greater pressure on health and social care services to provide for the growing number of older people living in the borough.

The ward has a higher deprivation score affecting older people, than the Halton and England averages.

Indices of deprivation affecting older people index (IDAOPI), IMD 2019, Norton North vs. Halton and England (Source: DCLG, 2020)



% households with people aged 66+ years, which are one-person households, Norton North vs. Halton and England (Source: NOMIS, 2023)



36.1 frail patients per 1,000 population (lower than Halton)



3.4 people per 1,000 population with diagnosed dementia (similar to Halton)

20.7 female year life expectancy at 65+ (similar to England)



17.0 male year life expectancy at 65+ (worse than England)



7th fewest hip fracture (65+) admissions of wards in Halton

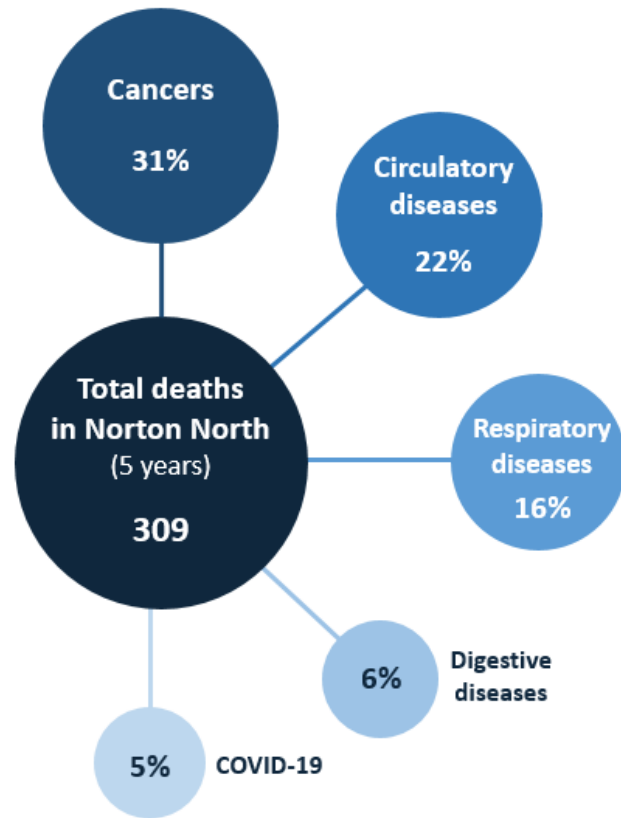
Significantly worse rate than the England average

Not significantly different rate to the England average

Significantly better rate than the England average

MORTALITY

Main causes of death in Norton North ward 2018-22



Over the 5 years 2018-2022, there were 309 deaths in residents of Norton North ward. The most common cause of death was cancers, which accounted for 31%; this is similar to the Halton average of 28%. Circulatory diseases made up just over 1 in 5 deaths (22%), which is similar to the Halton average of 23%. COVID-19 has made up 5% of the total deaths (since 2020), which is similar to the Halton average of 6%.

Mortality (death) rates in Norton North residents were higher than the England average for all main causes, except circulatory diseases (including stroke) during 2016-20.

On the charts below, the England rate is set to 100, so that we can easily compare different areas against it.

Compared to England, Norton North mortality rates are:

43% higher for cancers, aged under 75

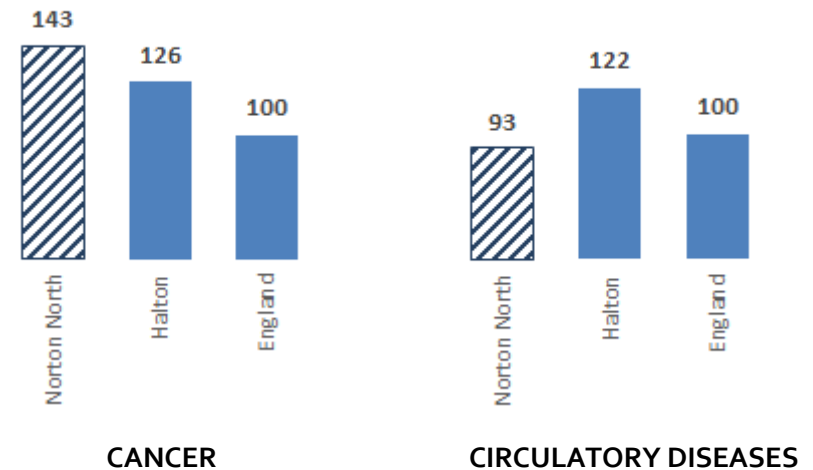
7% lower for circulatory diseases overall, aged under 75 and

43% higher for respiratory diseases, all ages

Deaths aged under 75 in Norton North compared to Halton and England averages

(standardised mortality ratio 2016-20)

Source: OHID fingertips



LIFE EXPECTANCY



77.4

Male life expectancy
at birth (years)



82.4

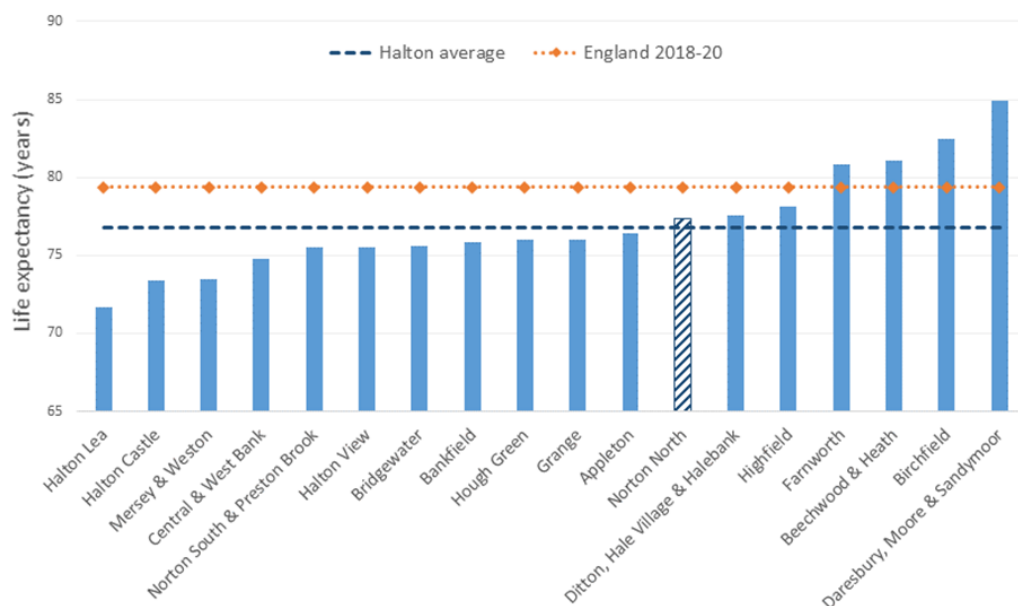
Female life expectancy
at birth (years)

Life expectancy at birth is an estimate of the average number of years a newborn baby would survive, if they experienced the same mortality rates for that area and time period throughout their life. Nationally, life expectancy reduced during COVID-19; this trend has also been seen in Halton.

Male life expectancy at birth in Norton North ward is 77.4 years, which is lower than the 2018-20 England average but slightly higher than the Halton borough average. It is the 7th highest, out of 18 wards. This is based on the average over a 5 year period between 2018-22.

Female life expectancy at birth in Norton North ward is 82.4 years, which is lower than the 2018-20 England average but higher than the Halton borough average. It is the 6th highest, out of 18 wards. This is based on the average over a 5 year period between 2018-22.

Male life expectancy at birth by ward (years) 2018-22



Female life expectancy at birth by ward (years) 2018-22

